GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
COAL
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:5577
ANSWERED ON:29.04.2003
EMPLOYMENT ON COMPASSIONATE GROUNDS
BASUDEB ACHARIA

Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

to the reply given to USQ No. 4194 dated 17.12.2002 and state:

(a). the financial loss due to the loss of production of 5 million tonnes of coal per year;

(b). the expenditure involved in meeting the demand of compensation and employment;

(c). the number of employment involved and the gap in the respective stand of BCCL and the land losses,in the first ten big cases of land disputes as on 1.3.2003; and

(d). the benefit in denying the claim of the land losses and suffering loss, facts in details giving the total balance sheet of burgeoning between BCCL and the land losses in each of the ten big disputes?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF COAL (SHRI KARIYA MUNDA)

(a): As reported by Coal India Limited, at the present level of operational efficiency, the financial loss due tothe loss of production of 5 million tones of coal per year is approximately Rs. 60 crores.

(b): Land in most cases is being acquired under Land Acquisition Act, 1894. Number of employment against such land acquisition cases has not been finalized as various groups are making claims and counter claims. Hence, it is not possible to quantify at this stage the total expenditure towards compensation and employment.

(c)&(d): The first ten big cases of land disputes in BCCL as on 1.3.2003 are as under:-

Name of OCP	Mouza	Land in acres	No of Houses
Block-II	Kessergarh	170.00	108
Block-IV	Sonardih	45.17	-
Phularitand	Mandra & Barwabera	19.19	250
Jharia Rehabilitation	Karmatand	97.52	-
do	Nagrikalan	217.25	-
Nichitpur	Mahilidih	77.32	-
Ganga	Bassuriya	15.17	56
Vishwakarma	Bhuggatdih	65.00	33
East Bassuriya	Gareria	46.55	124
Golukdih	Golukdih	6.99	50
		760.16	621

The number of houses shown is 621, as existed at the time of handing over the land by state Government, but this number would be more as on date.

Demand of employment of various groups on the same land fluctuates from time to time and as a result, it is not possible to assess the gap between the demand and the company's norm except in one case i.e. Viswakarma.

Based on tripartite agreement made in 1982 between BCCL,state Government and representatives of land losers, BCCLagreed to provide 50 employments out of which 42 employments have been provided. In spite of providing the above employment, physical possession is yet to be received by BCCL.Now the representatives of land losers of Viswakarma have demanded a total of 90 employments, the gap being 40.